

2019 Howard County Butterfly Survey Update: Themes and Challenges

Coordinators: Linda Hunt and Kevin Heffernan
Co-sponsored by the Howard County Bird Club and the Howard County Department of
Recreation and Parks, Originated by Richard H. Smith, Jo Solem, and Sue Muller

## Presentation Outline

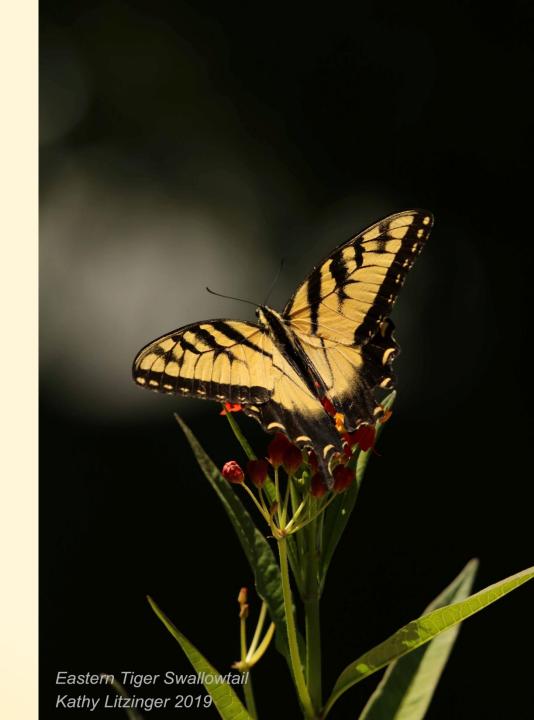
- 1. Butterfly Conservation: The Challenge
- Howard County Butterflies :
   2019 Survey Themes
- 3. Meeting the Challenge: Personal Commitment & Action

Handouts: Yearly Summaries 2014-2019
Selected Presentation Slides

Sample Pollinator Garden Handout (Linda Hunt & Kevin Heffernan)

The Butterflies of Howard County, Maryland (Dick Smith)

Bees of Howard County (Richard Orr)



"We live amid a global wave of anthropogenically driven biodiversity loss: species and population extirpations and, critically, declines in

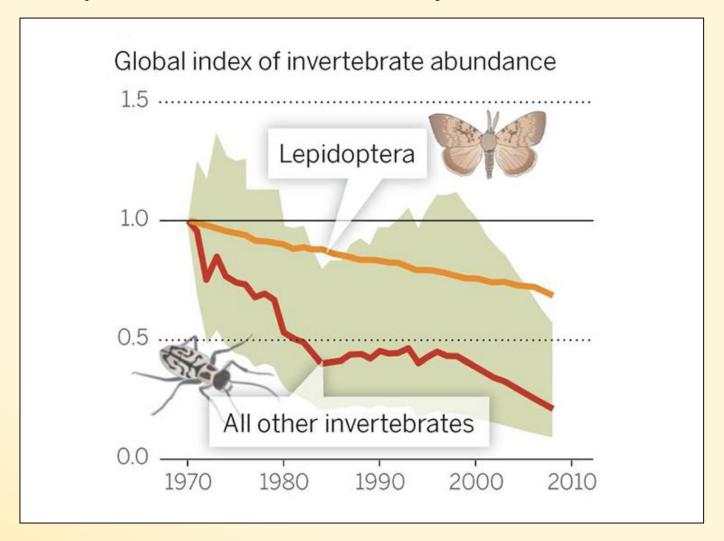
local species abundance."\*

### Terrestrial vertebrates:

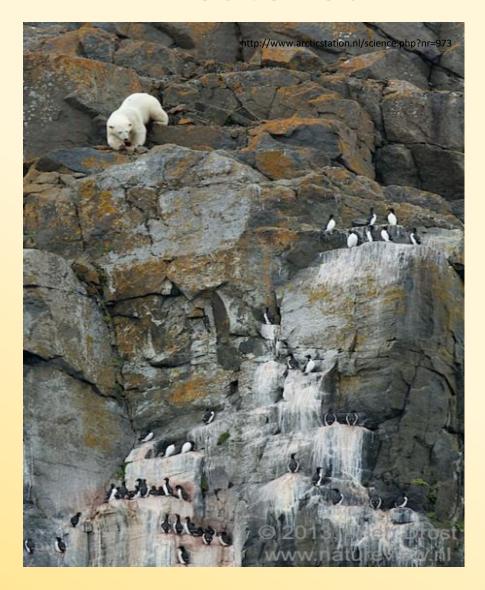
- 322 species have become extinct since 1500
- populations of the remaining species show 25% average decline in abundance.

### Invertebrates:

• 67% of monitored populations show 45% mean abundance decline.



### Threatened



### Extinct



### **Xerces Blue**

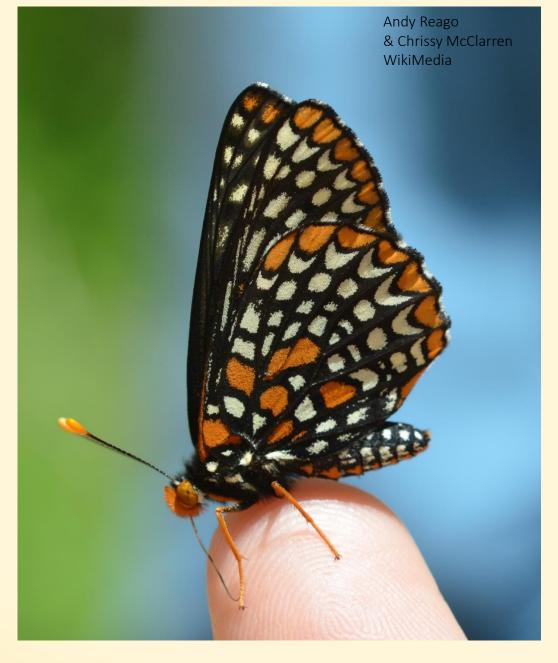
https://www.floridamuseum.ufl.edu/100years/xerces-blue/

#### US Fish & Wildlife Service:

- 1,471 Endangered & Threatened Animals Listed
- 78 Endangered Insects; 13 Threatened
- 31 Endangered Butterflies; 4 Threatened
- 42 MD Rare, Threatened & Endangered Butterflies
- 1 https://www.fws.gov/endangered/

# Factors Contributing to the Decline\*

- Habitat destruction
- Deforestation
- Fragmentation
- Urbanization
- Agricultural conversion (including pesticide use)



## Research is Sparse\*

- In-depth monitoring only exists in select regions or for specific species, such as pollinators (honey bees).
- Global comprehensive data for long-term comparisons does not exist.
- Scientists are urging increased monitoring efforts.
- Citizen science projects are becoming important contributors to recent monitoring efforts.



#### **Howard County Butterfly Survey Contributors 2014-2019**

Annette Allor, Rene & Paul Bade, Kathy Barylski, Gill Bentley, Berglund, Jonathan Blithe, Karen Blum, Borchelt, Bowman, Alicia Buxton, Emily Calkins, Mary Lou Clark, David Cummings, B. Denny, Wes Earp, Ward Ebert, Kim Egan, Robyn Evans, Tom Field, Sherry Fisher, John Fisher, Timothy Foard, Mary Fox, Pam Franks, Jeff Friedhoffer, Ralph Geuder, Linda Giampalmo, David Gillum, Ed Gould, Patricia Greenwald, Robert Grossman, Carrie Harlow, Meg and John Harris, John Hayes, Karen and Kevin Heffernan, Robin Hessey, Pam Henry, Bill and Gayle Hill, Emy Holdridge, Linda Hunt, Kathy Kaberle, Mike Kerwin, Suzanne Klick, Clayton Koonce, Cathy Latham, Jenny Krantz, Asuncion Lavrin, Nancy Lawson, Allen Lewis, Jill Levin, Kathie Lillie, Kathy Litzinger, Emily Loghmani, Anne Looker, Mary Love, Felicia Lovelett, Brigitte Lund, Janet Lydon, Nancy Magnusson, Joe Mankowski, Mary Maxey, Grazina and Mike McClure, Alison McDaniel, John McKitterick, Woody Merkle, Amanda Mills, Sue Muller, Diane Nagengast, Michelle Okonski, Michael Osborne, Richard Orr, Bonnie Ott, Howard Patterson, Carolyn Parsa, Siobhan Percey, Gregg Petersen, Howard Peterson, Norma Petersen, Ann Phillips, Suzanne Probst, Rondie Reeser, Tim Reichard, Linda Roberts, Sarah Romero, Russ Ruffing, David Sandler, Eugene Scarpulla, Kurt Schwarz, Jay Sheppard, Gloria Smith, Richard Smith, Sara Smith, Sharon Smith, Jo and Bob Solem, Carol Spangler, Jessee Standbridge, Elizabeth Starr, Chuck Stirrat, Sikorski, Eva Sunell, Lou Taylor, Tim Thompson, Robin Todd, Kate Tufts, Tony VanSchoor, Mark Wallace, Kelsey Wellons, Barbara White, Robin White, Michele Wright, Jim Wilkinson, Sylvester Williams, Katherine Wilson, Carol Zancan, Dave Ziolkowski

### Pollinator Studies Dominate Most Recent Research

Most "hairy"

Least "hairy"



4,000 <u>+</u> Bee species in North America



11,000 <u>+</u> Moth species in North America



700 <u>+</u> Butterfly species in North America



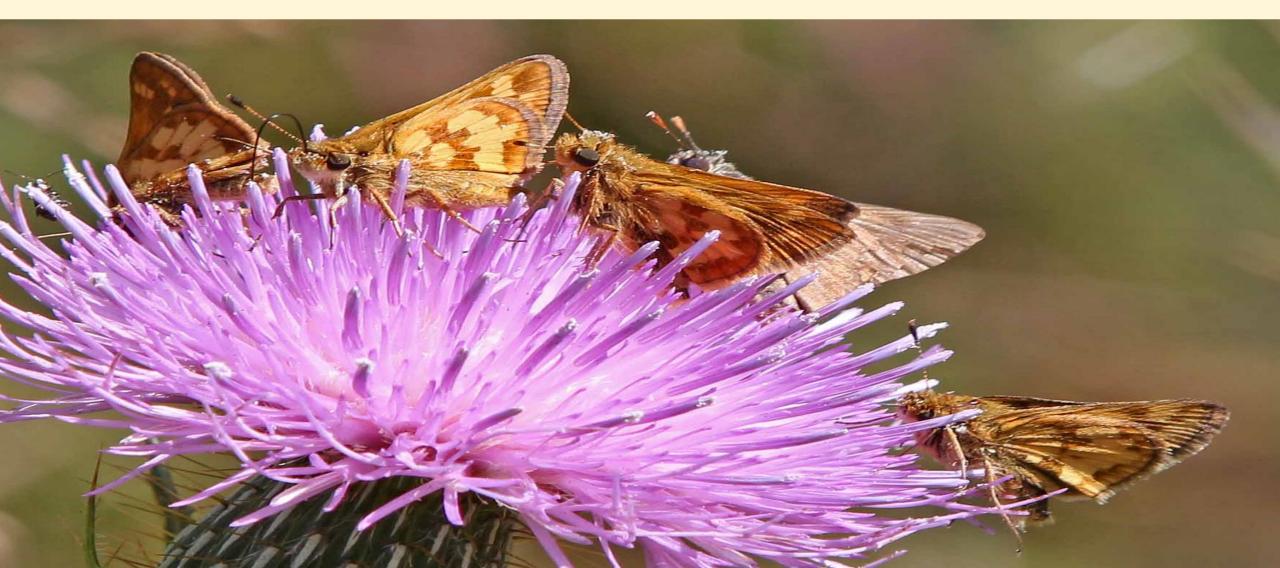
23 <u>+</u> Hummingbird species in North America

Bees are the major pollinators.

But Butterflies are the most visible.

Butterflies are visible indicators of pollinator habitat viability.

Preserving, enhancing and creating habitat and 'hot spots' for butterflies and bees will benefit all pollinators and insects.



## 2019 Howard County Butterfly Survey

- What's Stayed the Same
- 2019 Highlights
- 2019 Lows



# Did the Number of Observers and Minutes Drop Off This Year After the 5-Year Survey was Complete?

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total	2019 Rank
Observers	22	48	44	48	59	62	116	1
Surveys	372	696	715	870	958	748	4359	3
Duration(min.)	19970	19437	35924	50196	55787	49242	230556	3
Species	68	69	74	70	71	72	80	2
Butterflies	10360	17570	21622	25053	25245	26258	126108	1

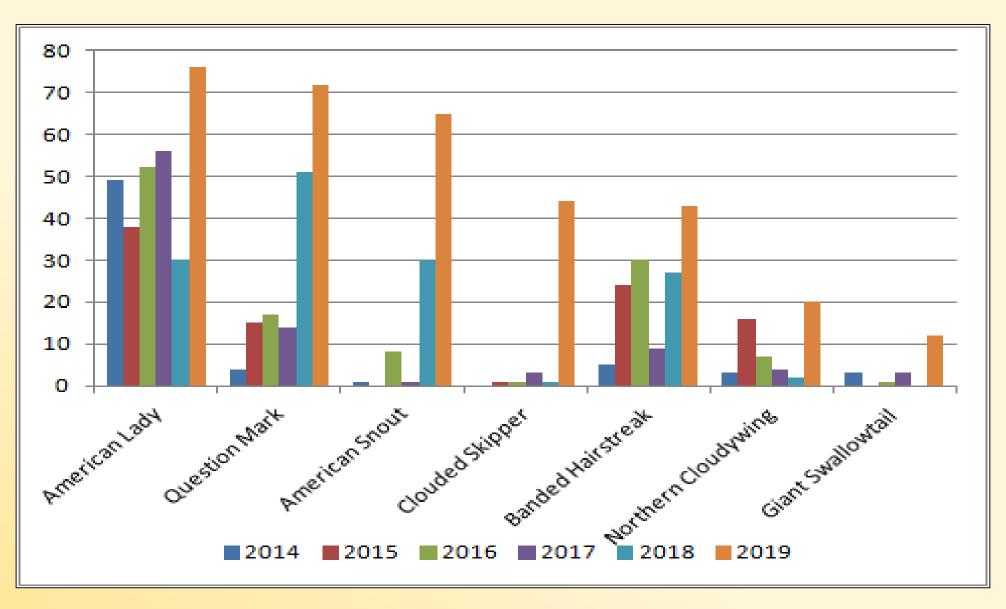
# 2019 Butterfly Year Summary

- 21 species had 6-year high numbers (8 > doubled)
- 1 new species added
- 2 species had eruption years

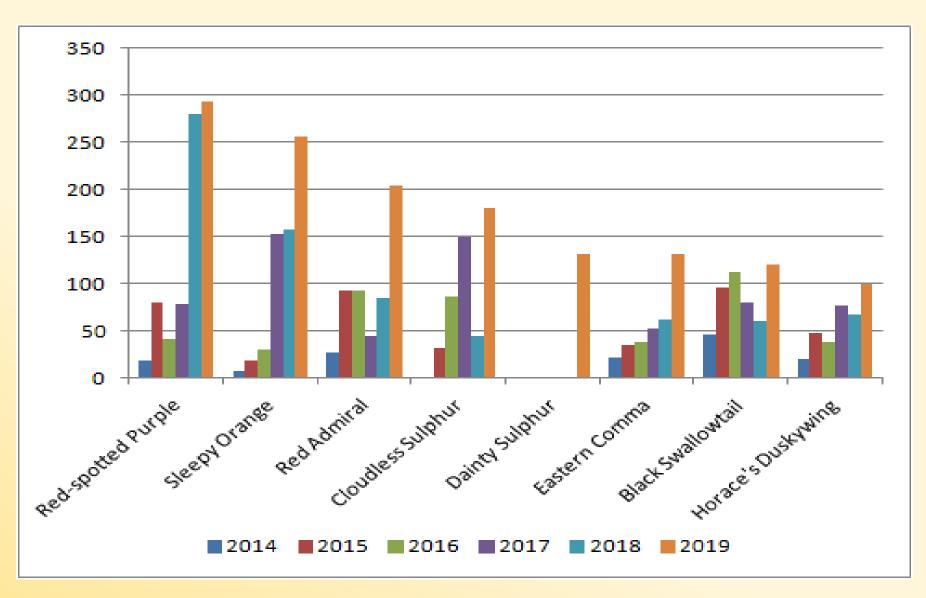
- 9 species had 6-year low counts
- 2 species not recorded for the first time in 6 years
- 18 species (25% of total) recorded < 10 individuals</li>



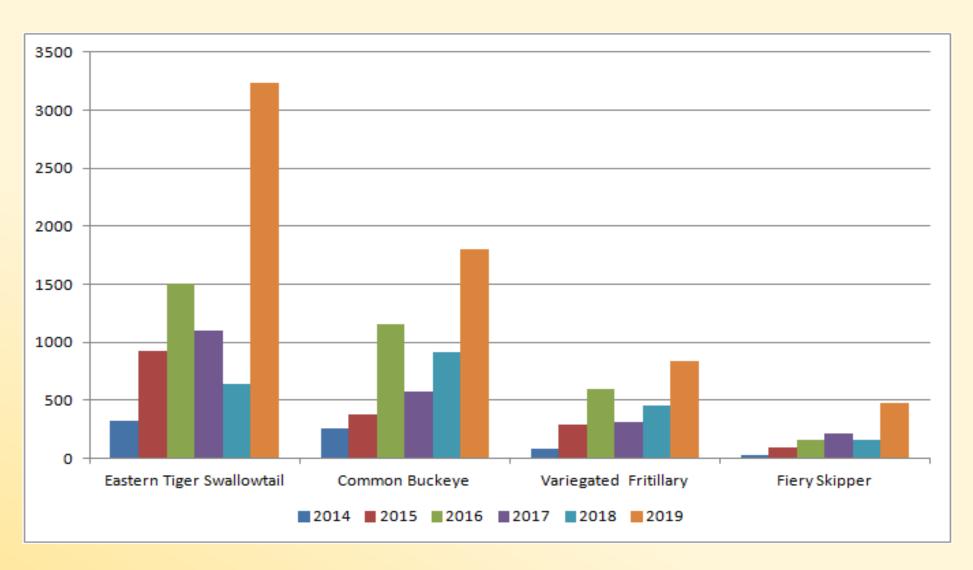
# 6-year counts for selected species



# 6-year high counts for selected species

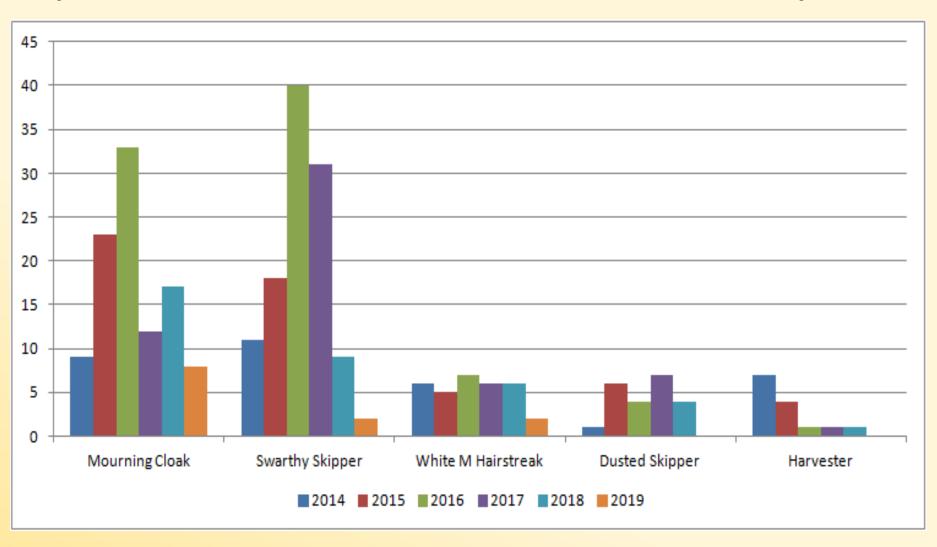


# 6-year high counts for selected species

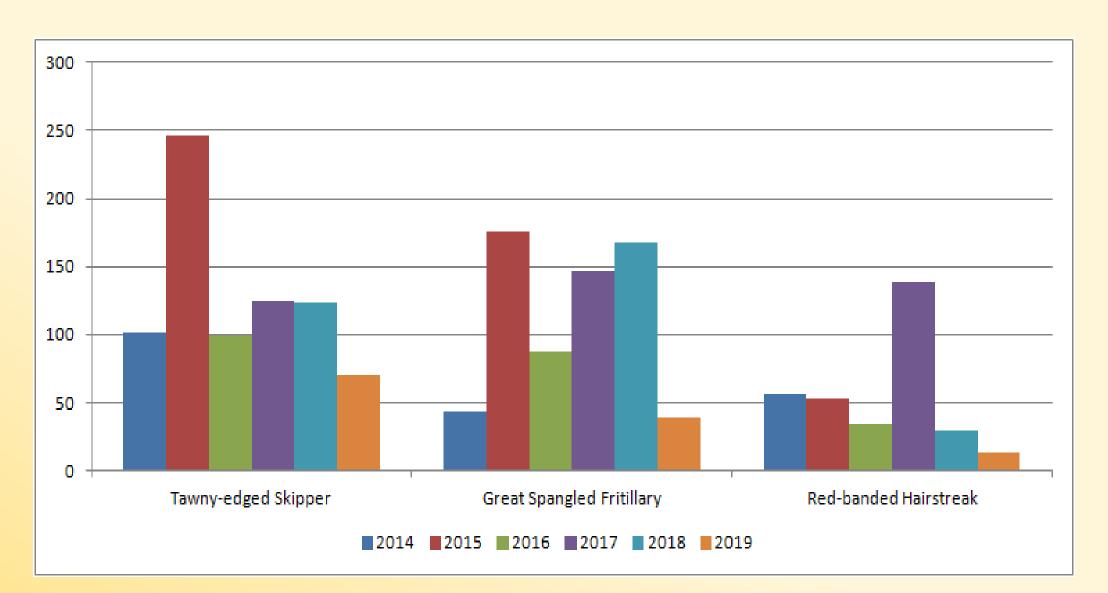




# 6-year low counts for selected species



# 6-year low counts for selected species



# Species with less than 10 individuals seen in 2019

Dusted Skipper	1	6	4	7	4	0
Harvester	7	4	1	1	1	0
Brazilian Skipper		0			4	1
Little Yellow	0	1	6	0	0	1
Long-tailed Skipper	0	0	4	2	4	2
Swarthy Skipper	11	18	40	31	9	2
White M Hairstreak	6	5	7	6	6	2
Common Sootywing	9	4	1	3	2	3
Northern Broken-Dash	5	1	4	2	5	3
Coral Hairstreak	1	5	3	14	2	4
Easterm Pine Elfin	1	3	2	5	0	4
Common Wood-Nymph	9	11	3	3	9	4
Silvery Checkerspot	13	1	4	0	3	5
Appalachian Brown	22	16	63	6	2	5
Crossline Skipper	23	15	4	7	7	7
Hobomok Skipper	3	4	9	4	16	7
Mourning Cloak	9	23	33	12	17	8
Hackberry Emperor	1	4	2	15	10	8

# New butterfly survey species in 2019

### **Dainty Sulphur**

- Last seen in Howard County in 2013
- 9/16/2019 Kathy Litzinger finds first 20+ on Baltimore County side of PVSP Grist Mill Trail
- Annette Allor finds 132 on Howard County side
- Caterpillars (eggs?) may have hitch-hiked north with hay in recent landscaping
- No other sightings recorded outside the area
- Will check to see if they overwintered





# New butterfly survey species in 2019



### Brazilian Skipper

- •Jim Wilkinson had found four Brazilian Skipper caterpillars on Canna Lily last year on 10/9/2018
- Fittingly, Jim also found an adult almost a year later on 10/8/2019
- First time an adult Brazilian Skipper has been recorded in Howard Co

# Interesting Stories from 2019

### **Giant Swallowtail**

- 7 individuals total during the survey
- 3 in previous peak year
- 12 recorded in 2019 in 8 different gardens
   McKitterick (4); McClures (3), Hunt (1)





### Clouded Skipper

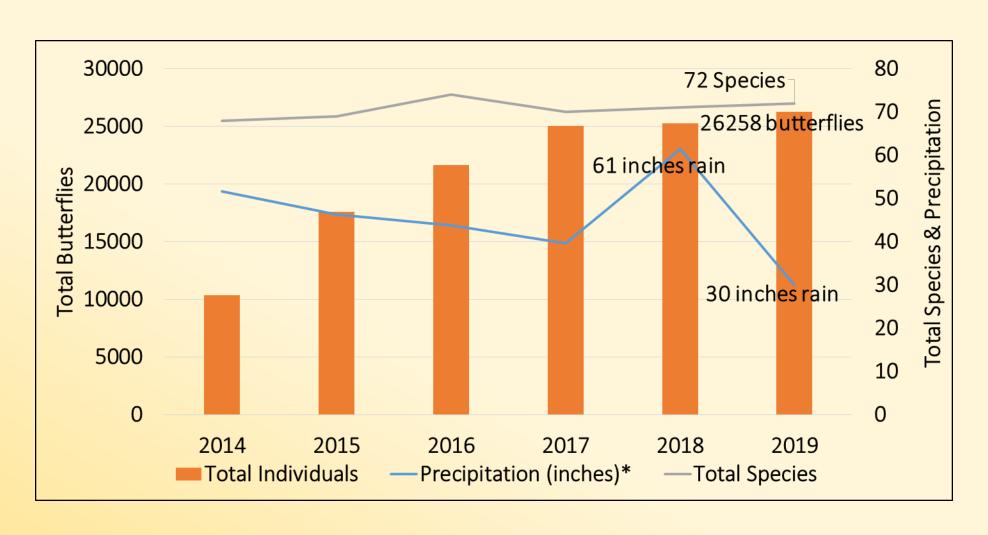
- 6 individuals total recorded in the 5-year survey
- 44 recorded in 2019
- Why? Irruption year? Good weather year?
   Global warming? ID recognition?

# **Butterfly Conservation Challenges**

- Weather
- Site Differences in Butterfly
   & Species Abundance
  - Gardens & Meadows
  - Parks
  - Other Sites
- Habitats versus "Hot Spots"

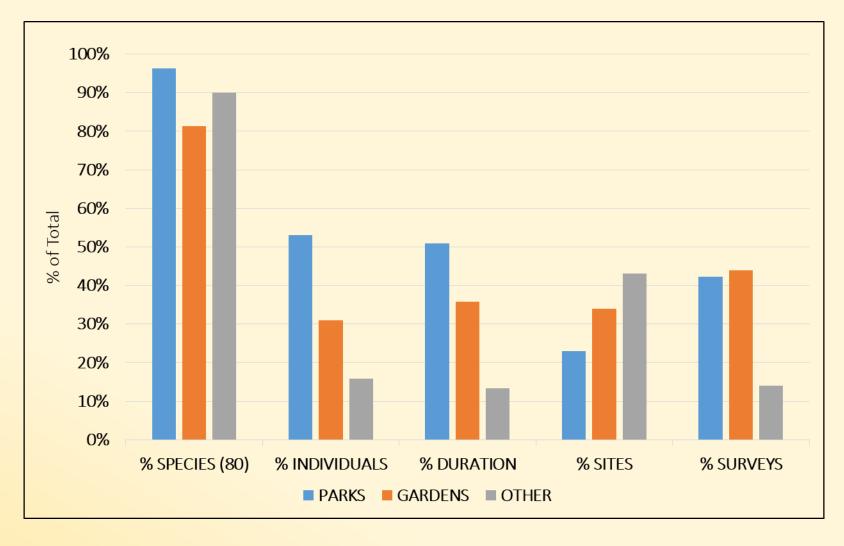


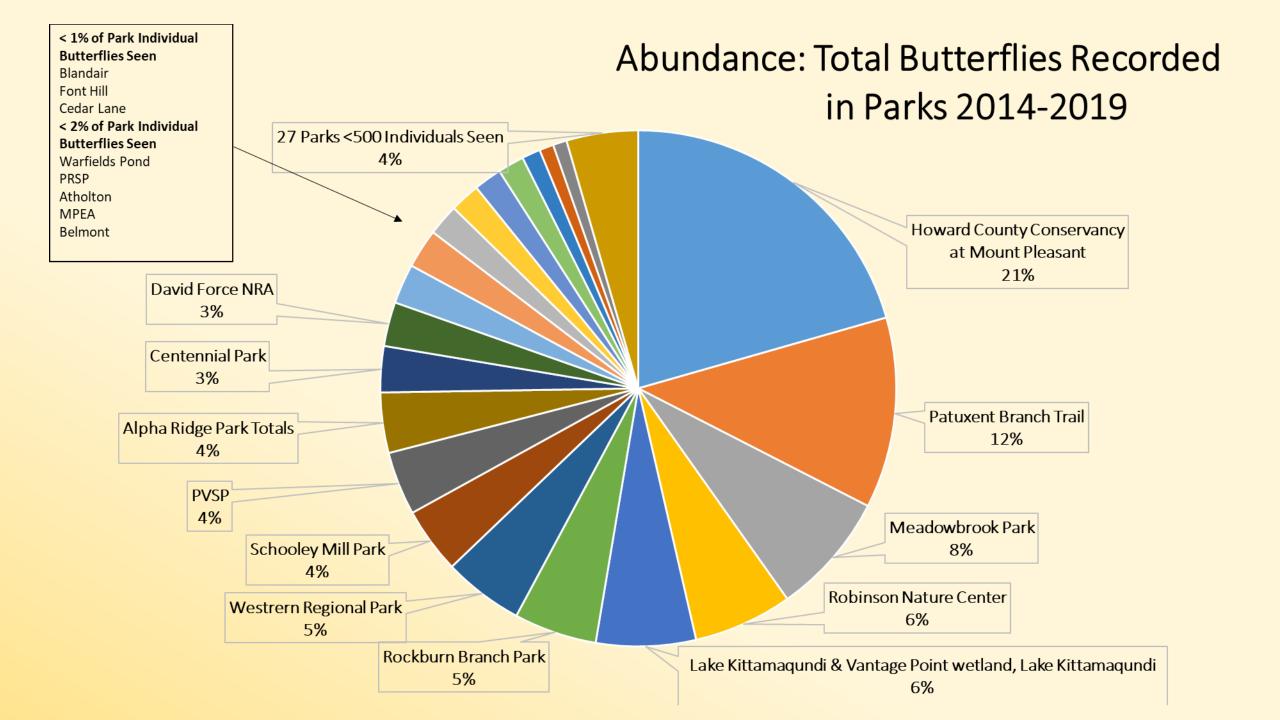
# Comparison of Seasonal Precipitation with # of Species and Individual Butterflies Recorded

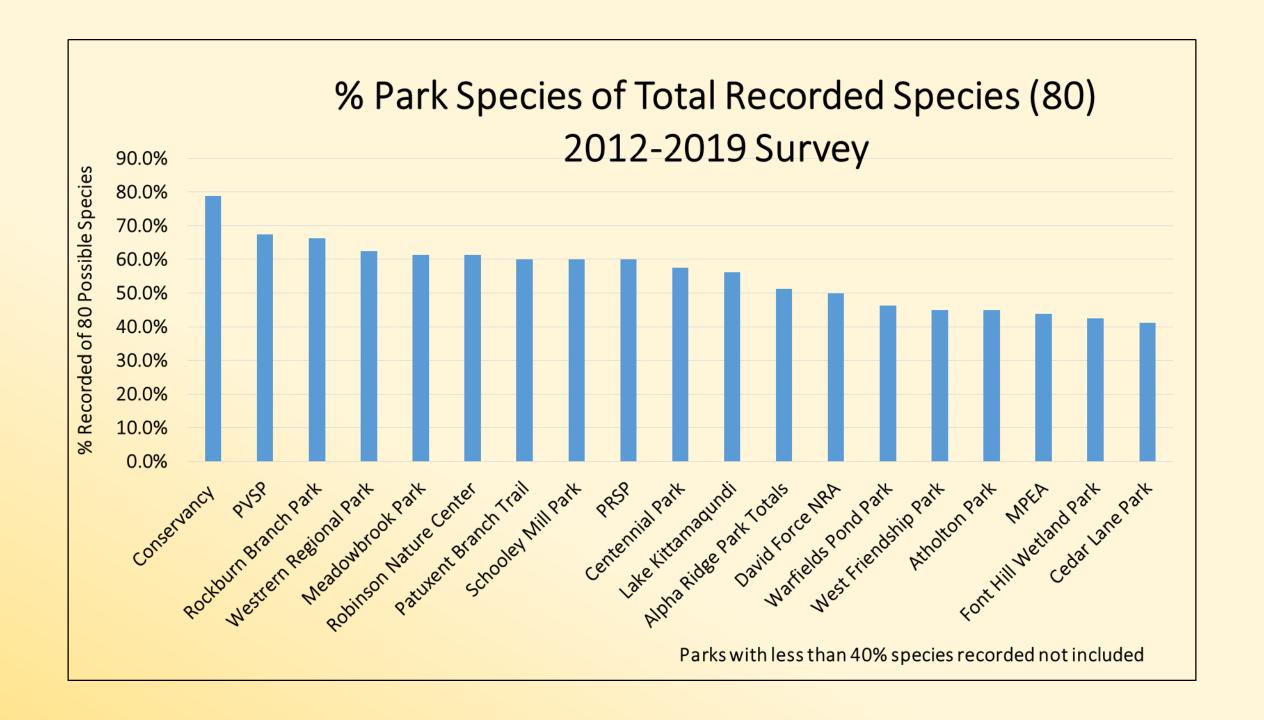




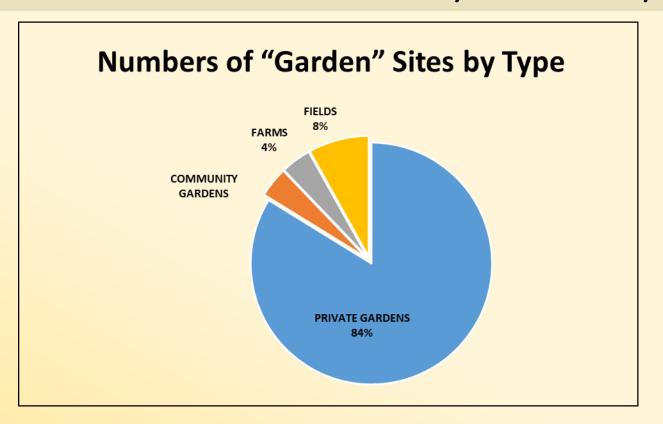
## Comparison of 2014-2019 Survey Sites







# Gardens and Meadows Provided Most Surveys of Butterfly Abundance and Species



#### **Garden & Meadow Unusual & Rare Species**

Private Gardens: Giant Swallowtail, Tawny Emperor, Pipevine Swallowtail,

Broad-winged Skipper and Long-tailed Skipper

Farms: Meadow Fritillary, American Copper, Common Checkered-Skipper

### 74 "Garden" Sites recorded:

44% of the Surveys (36% of time spent)

33% of individual butterflies (abundance)

83% of the species

**62 Private Gardens:** 37.4% surveys (29% time)

14.6 % individuals

80% species

**3 Community Gardens:** 3.9% surveys (3.6% time)

9.3% individuals

66.3% species

**3 Farms:** 31.7% surveys (2% time)

6.4% individuals

52.5% species

**6 Fields & Meadows** (natural & created)

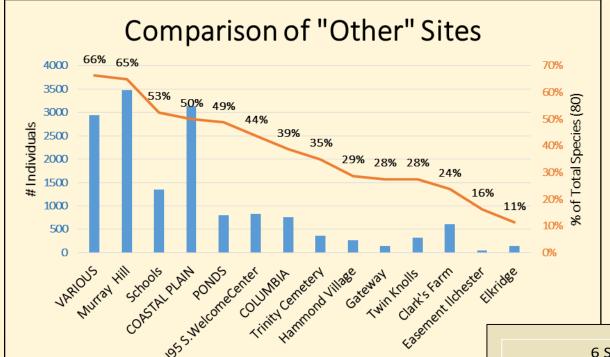
1% of the surveys (1% time)

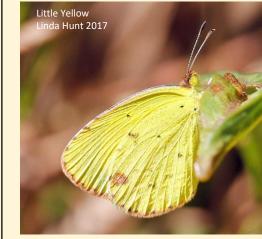
2.4% individuals

47.5% of the species



## "Other" Sites are Almost Anywhere





Utility Easements, Disturbed & Waste Areas Water Management Ponds, Cemeteries, Golf Courses, Nurseries, School Yards, etc.

6 Species Found Primarily in "Unprotected" Areas					
Southern Cloudywing	Murray Hill	168			
Northern Cloudywing	Murray Hill	47			
Dusted Skipper	Murray Hill	22			
Falcate Orangetip	Gateway (others)	111			
Eastern Pine Elfin	Trinity (PRSP 1x, Rockburn)	13			
Little Yellow	Rt. 1 Coastal Plain	8			

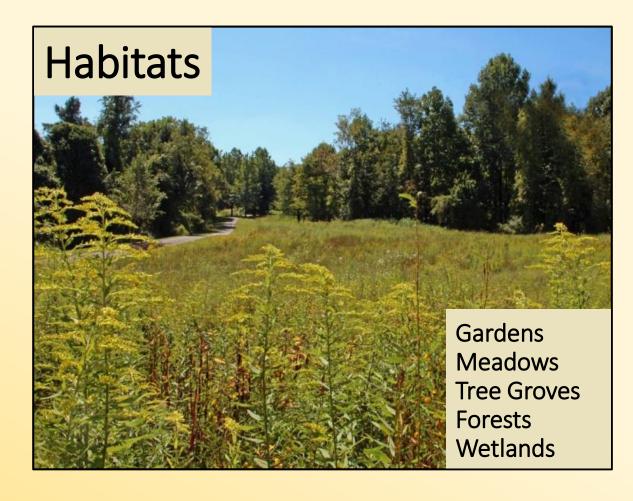


# **Butterfly Conservation**

### Meeting the Challenge:

- Personal Commitment & Action
- Howard County Bee City USA Initiative (https://www.beecityusa.org)

# The Challenge: To Preserve, Enhance, Create





for butterflies, bees, pollinators and other insects



## Vulnerable Species Requiring a Specialized Habitat

Conservation Objective: Preserve & Enhance Limited Habitats



### Vulnerable Species Dependent on Limited Specific Host Plants

Preserve habitats with large groves of red cedar, hard pines, and beech







Encourage plantings of specific host plants in gardens and meadow habitats









Maryland Senna
Pipevine (Aristolochia)
Wingstem & Black-eyed Susan

Conservation Objective: Preserve Habitat and Enhance Availability of Limited Host Plants



Waystation "Hot Spots"





"Pubs" for Nectar & Minerals, Warming Up & "Hooking Up"

Conservation Objective: Create garden/meadow Waystations.

## Invite Butterflies to Your Backyard

### **Backyard Host Plants**

Trees:

**Red/White Oaks** 

Wild Cherry

Dogwood

Willows

**Tulip Poplar** 

Elm

**Pawpaw** 

Sassafras

**Bushes:** 

Blueberry (Vaccinium corymbosum)

Spicebush

**Viburnums** 

Swamp/"twig" Dogwoods

Perennials (Native, local Ecotypes):

Milkweed (regular soil) Asclepias syricaca Swamp Milkweed (wet) Asclepias incarnata Butterflyweed (dry) (Asclepias tuberosa)

Clover

**Violets** 

Carrot/Parsley/Queen Anne's lace



**Provide:** → moist soil/mud for minerals

→ rocks & bare soil for basking

⇒ shelter (trees, bushes, grasses, crevices for safety from weather & predators

#### **Backyard Nectar Plants**

**Shrubs** 

**Buttonbush (Cephalanthus occidentalis)** 

Virginia Sweetspire (Itea)

Sweet Pepperbush (Clethra alnifolia)

Perennials (Native, local Ecotypes):

Asters (Aster nova-belgii & A. novae-angliae)

**Blazing Star (Liatris spicata)** 

Coneflower (Echinacea purpurea)

Goldenrod (Solidago spp.)

**Ironweed (Vernonia noveboracensis)** 

Joe Pye Weed 'Little Joe' (Eupatorium spp.)

Phlox (paniculata & ssp.)

**Non-Native Annuals** 

Catmint (Nepeta 'Walker's Low')

Sedum 'Autumn Joy'

Verbena bonariensis (4' - irrisistable!)

**Non-Native Annuals for Containers** 

Blue ageratum

Bachelor's Button (pair with parsley, fennel)

**Cosmos (dwarf varieties)** 

Penta

Petunia

**Sweet Alyssum** 

Zinna (Lilliput)

Verbena (trailing, prostrate varieties)

**NO PESTICIDES (of ANY type!!!)** 

# Butterfly Conservation Action Items

You can help!



# Actions from Butterfly Meeting in March, 2019

### • Locate butterflies:

- Continue survey to get additional years of status on various species (All)
- Expand the number of known locations for the species of conservation concern (Need help)
- Locate butterflies that were rarely or not seen in the survey (Need help)

### • Education:

- Improve skipper identification (Kevin)
- Develop knowledge of and ability to identify host plants (Linda, others?)
- Publish the results of the survey to date (Kevin, Linda)

# Actions from Butterfly Meeting in March, 2019

## • Conservation / Habitat:

- Encourage the planting of more butterfly gardens and meadows (Pollinator Committee of Bee City)
- Develop a database of trees, shrubs, flowers, and plants that serve as host and nectar plants (Kevin, Native Plant subcommittee)
- Coordinate with parks and utility groups on mowing and herbicide spraying schedules (Pollinator Committee of Bee City)

## Actions from Butterfly Meeting in March, 2019

### Develop interest:

- Encourage interest in butterflies through:
  - additional general butterfly walks (Linda, Kevin, Kathy L, Woody, Sue M, others?)
  - targeted species walks (Linda, Kevin, Kathy L, others?)
  - out of county trips (Linda, Kevin, Kathy B, Tim R, others?)
- Create a rare butterfly alert system via a list serve
- Encouraging interest through timely emails re what is expected out soon (Linda?)
- Encouraging interest in butterflies through presentations (Linda, Kevin, others?)
- Placing butterfly brew stations at Mt. Pleasant (Woody)

# Expand the number of known locations

- 1. Falcate Orange-tip
- 2. Henry's Elfin
- 3. Southern Cloudywing
- 4. Northern Cloudywing
- 5. Dusted Skipper
- 6. Eastern Pine Elfin
- 7. Hackberry Emperor
- 8. Tawny Emperor
- 9. American Snout
- 10.Coral Hairstreak

- 11. Mulberry Wing
- 12. Common Sootywing
- 13. Silvery Checkerspot
- 14. White-M Hairstreak
- 15. Common Wood-Nymph
- 16. Broad-winged Skipper
- 17. Viceroy
- 18. Zebra Swallowtail
- 19. Appalachian Brown
- 20. Meadow Fritillary

Locate Butterflies that were Rarely Seen or Not Seen during the survey:



- 1. Spring Azure (E-April)
- 2. Sleepy Duskywing (M-April)
- 3. Eastern Pine Elfin (L-April)
- 4. Brown Elfin (L-April)
- 5. Dreamy Duskywing (E-May)
- 6. Baltimore Checkerspot (M-June)
- 7. Mulberry Wing (E-July)
- 8. Hayhurst's Scallopwing (L-July)
- 9. Little Yellow (L-Aug)
- 10.Bronze Copper

- Every one of the 62 people who sent in a survey this year made an important contribution to this study. Thank you!
- That being said, the graph shows that a majority of the butterflies seen were reported by a few individuals.

You can make a difference!

## **Each Person Matters**

